B. A. FIRST YEAR (DSC I) DSC-1A: HIST (A) 101

History of India from the Earliest Times up to c. 300 CE

- 1. a. Sources and interpretation
 - b. Changing interpretations of early Indian history
 - c. Survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures
- II. a. Harappan Civilization: origin, extent; urban features-town planning, economy, society and religion; decline, Chalcolithic culture
 - b. Vedic culture: polity, economy, society and religion
 - c. Beginning of the iron age and Megalithic culture
- III. a. Emergence of Mahajanapadas (territorial states); rājyas and gaņas sanghas
 - b. Magadha expansion
 - c. Buddhism and Jainism: doctrines; spread
- IV. a. The Mauryan empire: state and administration, economy, Ashoka's *Dhamma*, art and architecture
 - Post Mauryan Age with special reference to Sunga, Satavahanas and Kushanas:
 polity, economy, society, art
 - c. Sangam Age: polity, economy and society

- 1. Basham, A.L., The Wonder That Was India, New Delhi, 1967.
- 2. वैषम, ए, एल. अद्भुत भारत, शिवलाल अग्रवाल एण्ड कम्पनी, आगरा, 2002
- 3. Chakrabarti, Dilip K., India: An Archaeological History: Palaeolithic Beginnings to Early Historic Foundations, Delhi, 1999.
- 4. Chakravarti, Ranabir, Exploring Early India Upto C. AD 1300, New Delhi, 2010.
- चळवर्ती, रणबीर, भारतीय इतिहास: आदिकाल, नई दिल्ली, ओरियेंट ब्लैकरवान, 2012.
- 6. Hu. D.N., Ancient India in Historical Outline, New Delhi, 2009.
- 7. डा. डी.एन., प्राचीन भारतः एक रूपरेखा, नईदिल्ली, 2013.
- 8. Jha. D.N., Early India: A Concise History, Delhi, 2004.
- 9. Jha, D.N. and K. M. Shrimali, *प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास*, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्तय निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, दिल्ली, 2016.
- 10. Majumdar, R. C. et al, History and Culture of the Indian People, Bombay, 1951-1966.
- 11. Singh, Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12th Century, New Delhi, 2013.
- 12. सिंह उपिन्दर, प्राचीन एवं पूर्व मध्यकालीन भारत का इतिहास: पाषणकाल से 12वीं शताब्दी तक.

B. A. FIRST YEAR (DSC II) DSC-1B: HIST (A) 102 History of India, c. 300 - 1206

- I. a. The Guptas and Vakatakas: state and administration
 - b. Economy, society, religion, art, literature, science and technology during Gupta period
- II. a. Towards the early medieval: changes in society, polity, economy and culture with special reference to Pallavas and Chalukyas
 - Evolution of political structures of the Rastrakutas, Palas and Pratiharas;
 economic; religious and cultural developments
- III. a. Harsha and his times: Harsha's kingdom, administration, Buddhism & Nalanda
 - b. The Cholas: state and administration, economy and culture
- IV. a. Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India; socio-economic foundations
 - b. The Arabs; the Ghaznavids in the Northwest; establishment of the Delhi Sultanate; overland and maritime trade

- 1. Chakrabarti, Dilip K., India: An Archaeological History: Palaeolithic Beginnings to Early Historic Foundations, Delhi, 1999.
- 2. Chakrabarti, Ranabir, Exploring Early India Up to c. AD 1300, New Delhi, 2010 (In Hindi, भारतीय इतिहास: आदिकाल, नईदिल्ली, औरियेंट ब्लैकस्वान, 2012.
- 3. Chandra, Satish, Medieval India: From Sultanate to the Mughals (Delhi Sultanate), New Delhi. 2015. (In Hindi: मध्यकालीन भारत: सल्तनत से मुगलकाल तक (दिल्ली सल्तनत), नईदिल्ली, 2011.
- 4. Chattopadhyaya, B.D., The Making of Early Medieval India, New Delhi, 1994.
- 5. Habib, M. and K. A. Nizami, A Comprehensive History of India, Vol. 5, Delhi, 1970.
- 6. Jha, D.N. and K. M. Shrimali, *प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास*, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वय निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, दिल्ली, 2016
- 7. Sastri, K.A.N., The Cholas, Madras, 1975.
- 8. Sastri, K. A. N., A History of South India, Delhi, 2000.
- 9. शास्त्री के ऐ एन*, दक्षिण भारत का इतिहास*, पटना, 2014.
- 10. Singh, Upinder, A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India: From the Stone Age to the 12thCentury, New Delhi, 2013 (In Hindi: प्राचीन एवं पूर्व मध्यकालीन भारत का इतिहास: पाषणकाल से 12वीं शताब्दी तक, नईदिल्ली, 2016.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (DSC III) DSC-1C: HIST (A) 203 History of India, c. 1206-1707

- I a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Sultanate of Delhi c.13th to 15th century: Expansion; *iqta* system; administrative & economic reforms
 - b. Regional political formations: Vijayanagara and Bahamani Kingdoms
- II a. Second Afghan State: Administration of Sher Shah & revenue reforms
 - b. Socio-religious movement: Bhakti & Sufi
 - [i] Nathpanthis, Popular Monotheism and Vaishnavism in north India
 - [ii] Main sufi silsilahs in India: Chishti and Suhrawardi
- III a. Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Mughal state, c.16th to 17th century: expansion and consolidation; *Mansabdari* and *Jagirdari*; imperial ideology: assessment of Aurangzeb's policies
 - b. Art and Architecture in Medieval India: Qutb complex; Vijayanagara (Hampi); Fatehpur Sikri; Mughal Miniature painting
- IV a. 17th century transitions: Marathas; Sikhs
 - b. Disintegration and decline of the Mughal Empire: different theories of Mughal decline (Hindu reaction, Great Firm Theory, agrarian crisis, *jagirdari* crisis, region-centric approach, cultural failure and others)

- 1. Alam. M., The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and the Punjab, 1707-48, Delhi, 1986
- 2. Alam, M. and S. Subrahmanayam (eds.), *The Mughal State*, 1526-1750, New Delhi, 1998.
- 3. Asher, Catherine B. and Cynthia Talbot, *India before Europe*, Cambridge, 2006.
- 4. Bhargava, Meena (ed.), The decline of the Mughal Empire, Delhi, 2014.
- 5. Chandra, Satish, Medieval Society, the Jagirdari Crisis and the Village New Delhi. 2000.
- 6. Chandra, Satish, Medieval India: From Sultanate to the Mughals, Delhi, 2004.
- 7. Chandra, Satish (ed.). Religion, State and Society in Medieval India, Delhi, 2005.
- 8. Chandra, Satish, History of Medieval India (800-1700), Delhi, 2007.
- 9. चन्द्र. सतीश, मध्यकालीन भारत: राजनीति, समाज और संस्कृति, ओरिएंट ब्लैकस्वान. हैदराबाद. 2011.
- 10. Gordon, S., The Marathas, 1600-1818, Cambridge, 1993.
- 11. Habib, Irfan, *The Agrarian System of Mughal India*, 1554-1707, 2nd revised edition, Delhi, 1999.
- 12. Habib, Irfan, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization, New Delhi, 2008.
- 13. Habib, M. and Nizami, K.A. (eds.), Comprehensive History of India, Vol. V: The Delhi Sultanate, New Delhi, 1970.
- 14. Habibullah, A.B.M., The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India, 1206-1290, Allahabad, 1976.
- 15. इराक़ी. एस.. मध्यकालीन भारत में भिवत आदोंलन, चौखंभा पब्लिशिंग हाउस, दिल्ली 2012.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (DSC IV) DSC-1D: HIST (A) 204 History of India, c. 1707-1950

- I a. India in the 18th century: society, economy, polity and culture
 - Expansion and consolidation of British power with special reference to Bengal, Mysore and Maratha
- II a. Making of a colonial economy:
 - [i] Land revenue settlements: Permanent, Ryotwari and Mahalwari
 - [ii] De-industrialisation; commercialisation of agriculture
 - b. Socio-religious reform movements in the 19th century and after:
 - [i] Raja Ram Mohan Roy and Brahmo Samaj; Dayanand and Arya Samaj; Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar and widow remarriage; Jyotiba Phule and Satya Sadhokak Samaj; Syed Ahmad Khan and Aligarh movement
 - [ii] Caste questions: Phule, Narayana Guru and Ambedkar
- III a. Popular resistance:
 - [i] The Uprising of 1857
 - [ii] Peasant resistance to colonial rule: Santhal Uprising (1856); Indigo Rebellion(1860); Pabna Agrarian League (1873); Decean Riots (1875)
 - b. Nationalist politics, 1858-1947:
 - [i] Foundation of the Indian National Congress
 - [ii] Moderates & Radicals in the Indian national movement
 - [iii] Revolutionary movement for Indian Independence: ideas and contributions of Bhagat Singh and Veer Savarkar
 - [iv] Mahatma Gandhi and mass nationalism: Gandhian thought, techniques and movements
- IV a. Growth of communal politics and the partition of India; resettlement of refugees and issue with Pakistan; integration of the Indian states: Hyderabad, Junagarh and Kashmir
 - b. Independence, Indian Constitution & its main features; and the establishment of the republic

- 1. Alam, Muzaffar, The Crisis of Empire in Mughal North India: Awadh and the Punjab, 1707-1748, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Alavi, Seema (ed.), The Eighteenth Century in India, New Delhi, 1999.
- 3. Bandopadhyay, Shekhar, From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi, 2004
- 4. यंधोपाध्याय, शेखर, प्लासी में विभाजन तक: आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास, ओरिएंट लोंगमैन, दिल्ली, 2012.
- 5. Barnett, Richard, North India between Empires: Awadh, the Mughals and the

B. A. THIRD YEAR (DSE I) DSE-1A: HIST (A) 305

Modern and Contemporary World History I: 1871-1919

Unit I

Introductory

- a. Modern & Contemporary History: main characteristics
- b. Emergence of Italy and Germany as unified nations
- European hegemony and inter-imperialistic rivalries, conflicts within Europe
- d. Alliance formation, social tension and socialist movements

Unit II

The Emergence of USA after the Civil War

- a. The emergence of the USA after the Civil War
- b. Japan's Emergence as a World Power: Modernization and economic progress under the Meiji restoration, Sino-Japanese War
- c. Nationalist movements in Asia: Rise of Kuomintang and the fall of the Manchus and its aftermath
- d. Ottoman Empire and the Arab World: Accession of Sultan Abdul Hamid and the Young Ottoman Movement, Young Turk revolution of 1905

Unit III

The End of the Czarist Regime in Russia

- a. Russo-Japanese War of 1904-5 and its consequences
- b. Revolutions of 1905
- c. Towards Bolshevik Revolution: February-March Revolution
- d. The October Revolution of 1917 and the socio-economic foundation of a socialist state

Unit IV

The First World War and its Aftermath

- a. New grouping of European States
- b. Anglo-German Rivalry
- c. Causes, events and results of the war
- d. The war settlements: Economic and social consequences

- 1. Ashworth, W. A., Short History of the International Economy since 1850 to 1950, London, 1954.
- 2. Barraclough, G., An Introduction to Contemporary History, London, 1964.
- 3. Beasley, W. E., Japanese Imperialism, 1894-1945, Oxford, 1987.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (DSE II) DSE-1A: HIST (A) 306 Issues in World History-I (The Twentieth Century)

Unit I

Capitalism, Imperialism and the Political Consequences

- a. Industrialization under capitalism, imperialist expansion of Europe and the US
- b. The concept of modernity and its global implications
- e. World War I: causes, course, consequences in Europe and in the world
- d. Paris Peace settlement and associated treaties, their political consequences

Unit II

The Communist Alternative

- a. Russian Revolution 1917: its origins, ideological assumptions and course
- b. Consequences of the Russian revolution for the internal political developments in the Soviet Union
- c. Impact of the Russian revolution in Europe
- d. Long term implications of the Russian Revolution on China and the non-Western world

Unit III

Economic Trends in the Inter-War Period

- a. The period of post-war economic recovery and instability in Europe till 1929
- b. Great Depression in USA: its causes and impact on industrialized countries
- c. Global impact of the depression: colonial economies and agriculture
- d. The Soviet experience till 1941: the economic effects of state planning

Unit IV

Contesting Political Ideologies before World War II

- a. Fascist ideology and its contestation with liberalism and communism
- b. Social conditions in Europe during the inter-war period and experiments with parliamentary democracy
- c. Rise of Fascism in Italy and Germany
- d. World War II: causes, course and the war's short and long term effects

- Carr, E. H., International Relations Between the Two World Wars, 1919-1939, London, 1947 1.
- वासार, किरण, अमेरिका का इतिहास, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वय निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय,दिल्ली, 2012. 2.
- वेरापाण्ये अनिरुद्ध और अन्य, बीसवीं शताब्दी में विश्व इतिहास के प्रमुख मुद्दे, हिन्दी मह्यम कार्यान्यय 3. निदेशाल्य, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, दिल्ली, 2013.
- देव, अर्जुन और इंदिस अर्जुन देव, समकालीन विश्व का इतिहास (1890–2008), ओरियंट स्टैकस्यान हैदरावन्द, 4. 2013

B. A. THIRD YEAR (DSE III) DSE-IB: HIST (A) 307

Modern and Contemporary World History II: 1919-1992

Unit I

From the Peace Settlement to 1939

- a. Versailles to Locarno treaties, their political consequences
- b. The League of Nations
- c. USA and USSR
- d. Era of the Circat Depression of 1929

Unit II

The End of Peace

- The Second World War: Origins
- b. Wartime diplomacy and the defeat of the totalitarian state
- c. Nationalist movements and decolonization
- d. The emergence of new world order: UNO, aims and objectives

Unit III

The World since 1949

- a. Towards Chinese revolution of 1949
- b. The Cold War and its ideological and political origins
- c. Impact of the Cold War: Europe, Korca, Vietnam, Cuban crisis
- d. Military alliances: NATO, SEATO. CENTO, Warsaw Pact

Unit IV

Social Conditions and Issues after the Post-Colonial World

- a. Concept of globalization
- b. Feminist and ecological movements
- e. The question of human rights
- d. Non-Aligned movement: origin, agenda and achievements

- 1. Ashworth, W., A Short History of the International Economy since 1850 to 1950, London, 1954.
- 2. Aylett, J. F., The Cold War and after, London/New York, 1996.
- 3. Barraclough, G., An Introduction to Contemporary History, London, 1964.
- 4. Beasley, W. F., Japanese Imperialism, 1894-1945, Oxford, 1987.
- 5. Benns, F. L., European History since 1870, New York, 1955.
- 6. Brower, Daniel R., The World in the Twentieth Century: from Empires to Nations, 5th edn., Prentice Hall, Davis, 2002.
 - Brower, Daniel R., World since 1945: A Brief History, Prentice Hall, Davis, 2000.
- Carr. E. H. International Relations between the Two World Wars (1919-1939), London, 1965.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (DSE IV) DSE-1B: HIST (A) 308 Issues in World History-II (The Twentieth Century)

Unit I

Decolonization and Nationalism

- a. Changing relationship between western powers and their colonies
- b. The colonial struggle against economic exploitation
- c. Major nationalist movements in South East Asia and Middle East
- d. The Cold War: ideologies and global consequences, Korea, Cuba, Vietnam, and the end of the USSR

Unit II

Economic Conditions and Issues in the Post-Colonial World

- a. Europe in the immediate post-war period and the process of economic reconstruction
- b. Global economic growth and disparities between the developed and the Third world
- c. Nature and impact of the technological revolution on the global economy
- d. International character of finance, labour and the interlinking of national economies

Unit III

Social Conditions and Issues in the Post-Colonial World

- a. Student Movement of 1968-69: causes, character and consequences
- b. Feminist and ecological movements: divergent views from the North and South
- c. Iranian Revolution: social origins and its relationship with the question of modernity
- d. The question of human rights, its political context with the global south

Unit IV

Modernity and Socio-Economic Transformation

- a. Global decline of peasant societies and change in agrarian production
- b. The urbanization process and its social implications
- e. Expansion of education and its impact on national economies
- d. Automation of industry and the decline of industrial labour

- 1. Armytage, W.H.G., The Rise of the Technocrats: A Social History, London, 1965.
- 2. वात्तार, किरण, अमेरिका का इतिहास, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वय निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय,दिल्ली, 2012.
- 3. देशपाण्डे अनिरूद और अन्य. *बीसवीं शताब्दी में विश्व इतिहास के प्रमुख मुद्दे*, हिन्दी माध्यम कार्यान्वय निदेशालय, दिल्ली विश्वविद्यालय, दिल्ली, 2013.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (SEC 1) SEC-1: HIST (A) 213 Historical Tourism

I. Defining tourism & heritage

Art and architecture in India: an overview

II. Understanding built heritage

Temple architecture: Kandariya Mahadeva temple Khajuraho

Stupa architecture: Sanchi

Indo-Persian architecture: Taj Mahal, Agra; Red Fort, Delhi

III. Temple architectures in Himachal Pradesh as tourist attractions: A study of Chamba Kangra and Mandi

Colonial architecture: Shimla

IV. Tourism in Himachal Pradesh

Popular tourist destinations: Shimla, Kullu-Manali & beyond

A visit/field work/survey of/to a heritage/ historical/ popular tourist destination/socio-cultural importance site (the best nearby) is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- 1. Agarwal. V.S., Indian Art, Varanasi, 1972. (Also available in Hindi)
- Barr, Pat and Ray Desmond, Simla: A Hill Station in British India, London, 1978.
- Bernier, Ronald M., Himalayan Architecture, London, 1997.
- 4. Bhowmik, S. K., Heritage Management: Care, Understanding & Appreciation of Cultural Heritage, Jaipur, 2004.
- 5. Brown, Percy, Indian Architecture, Bombay, 1940.
- Desai, Devangana, The Religious Imagery of Khajuraho, Mumbai, 1997.
- Ghosh, B. Tourism and Travel Management, New Delhi, 1998.
- Goetz, Hermann, The Early Wooden Temples of Chamba, Leiden, 1955.
- 9. Handa, O. C., Temple Architecture of the Western Himalaya; Wooden Temples, Delhi, 2001.
- 10. Harle, J., The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent, London, 1994.
- 11. Howard, Peter, Heritage: Management, Interpretation, Identity, London, 2003.
- 12. Kanawar, Pamela, Imperial Shimla: The Political Culture of the Raj, Delhi, 1990.
- 13. Kennedy. Dane Keith, The Magic Moutains Hills Stations and the British Raj, London, 1996.
- 14. Mian, Goverdhan Singh, Wooden Temples of Himachal Pradesh, New Delhi, 2003.
- Pradhan, Queeny, Empire in the Hills: Simla, Darjeeling, Ootacamund, and Mount Abu, 1820-1920, Delhi, 2017.
- Thakur, Laxman S., The Architectural Heritage of Himachal Pradesh: Origin and Development of Temple Styles, Delhi, 1996.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (SEC II) SEC-1: HIST (A) 214 Understanding Heritage

- Defining heritage: meaning of antiquity, archaeological site, tangible heritage, intangible heritage and art treasure
- II. Evolution of heritage legislation and the institutional framework
 - a. Conventions and Acts: national and international
 - b. Heritage-related government departments, museums, regulatory bodies
 - c. Conservation initiatives
- Challenges for tangible and intangible heritage
 Antiquity smuggling, conflict (to be examined through specific case studies)
- IV. Heritage and travel
 - Visiting heritage sites: A study of Vaidyanath temple (Baijnath); Laxmi Narayan temple (Chamba); Hadimba temple (Kulu) and Tabo monastery (Lahaul and Spiti)
 - b. The relationship between cultural heritage, landscape and travel; recent trends

A visit/field work/survey of/to a Himachal Pradesh's art and culture heritage (the best nearby) is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be as par with tutorial/home assignments.

- Acts, Charters and Conventions are available on the UNESCO and ASI websites (www.unesco.org; www.asi.nic.in)
- 2. Agrawal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Muscology, Delhi, 2006.
- 3. Biswas, S.S., Protecting the Cultural Heritage (National Legislation and International Conventions), New Delhi, INTACH, 1999.
- 4. Chainani, S., Heritage and Environment, Mumbai, 2007.
- 5. Handa, O. C., Tabo Monastery and Buddhism in the Trans Himalayas, Delhi, 1994.
- 6. Handa, O. C., Temple Architecture of the Western Himalaya: Wooden Temples, Delhi, 2001.
- 7. Lahiri, N., Marshalling the Past-Ancient India and its Modern Histories, Ranikhet, 2012.
- 8. Layton, R., P. Stone and J. Thomas (eds.), Destruction and Conservation of Cultural Property, London, 2001.
- 9. Lowenthal, D., Possessed By The Past: The Heritage Crusade and The Spoils of History, Cambridge, 2010.
- 10. Singh, U., The Idea of Ancient India: Essays on Religion, Politics and Archaeology, New Delhi, 2016.
- 11. Thakur, Laxman S., The Architectural Heritage of Himachal Pradesh: Origin and Development of Temple Styles, Delhi, 1996.
- 12. Thakur, Laxman S., Buddhism in the Western Himalaya: A Study of the Tabo Monastery, Delhi, 2001.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (SEC III) SEC-2: HIST (A) 215 An Introduction to Archaeology

- I. Archaeology in India: origins and development

 Managing archaeological evidences: documentation, codification, classification and analysis; findings and publications
- II. Discovering human experience through archaeology: environment, technology, subsistence, society, trade and ways of thinking
- III. Numismatic & Epigraphic sources: significance and limitation
 A case study of the coins of Audumbaras and Kunindas (from the region of Himachal Pradesh)
- IV. Method of surveying and techniques of excavation
 A study of the Harappan site of Kalibangan and Rakhigarhi
 A study/survey of the archaeology sites of Himachal Pradesh: a case study of Kot Kangra/or Nagarkot (Kangra)

A visit/field work/survey of/to a site/museum (the best nearby) is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- 1. ASI report on Kalibangan: http://asijaipurcircle.nic.in/publication/publication/pdf
- 2. ASI Report on Rakhigarhi excavation:

 https://www.scribd.com/document/262303592/xcavations-at-Rakhigarhi-1997-98-to1999-2000-Full-text-of-ASI-Report-Dr-Amarendra-Nath-Former-Director-ArchaeologyASI Also available on:
 https://www.rarebooksocietyofindia.org/book_archive/196174216674_10153813006761
 675.
- Chakravarti, Dilip K., History of Indian Archaeology: The Beginning to 1947, Delhi, 1995.
- 4. Chakrabarti, Dilip K., 'The Development of Archaeology in the Indian Subcontinent', World Archaeology, Vol. 13, No. 3, Feb., 1982, pp. 326-344. (For online: http://adcacs.in/pdf/pdf/ArticlePastoral%20Nomadism%20in%20the%20Archaeology%20of%20India%20and%20Pakistan1%20(2).pdf
- 5. Cunningham, Alexander, Archaeological Survey Reports of Years 1872-73, Calcutta, 1875. vol.5, pp.155-169. For online: https:///archive.org/details/report01cunngoog/page/n6
- 6. Dubey, Satya Narayan, Bhartiva Puratativa ku 14.

B. A. SECOND YEAR (SEC IV) SEC-2: HIST (A) 216 Crafts and Artisans: Living Traditions

- I. Stone carvings: traditional stone carvers, architects and sculptors—a study of Mahabalipuram temple (Tamil Nadu), Dilwara temple (Rajasthan) and Masrur temple (Kangra)
 - Painting: Madhubani and Kangra
- II. Metal crafts: Bidari, Dokra, Chola bronzes; ivory, gems and jewellery
- III. Woodwork, weaving and basketry: Northeastern India
- IV. Textile and carpet weaving: Banarasi, Patola, Bandhni, Kanjeevaram and Bhadohi

A visit/field work/survey of/to a craft exhibition/ museum/art gallery/ cottage industry (the best nearby) is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- 1. Chattopadhyay, K., India's Craft Tradition, Delhi, 1980.
- 2. Dhamija, J. and J. Jain, Hand Woven Fabrics of India, Middle Town NJ, 1989.
- 3. Dwivedi, V.P., Indian Ivories, Delhi, 1976.
- 4. Hargreaves, H., 'The Monolithic Temples of Masroor', ASI AR, 1915-1916, pp. 39-48.
- 5. Jain, Jyotindra (ed.), Other Masters: Five Contemporary Folk and Tribal Artists of India, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6. Jaitley, J.. The Crafts Traditions of India. New Delhi, 1990.
- 7. Jayakar, Pupul, The Earthen Drum, New Delhi, 1980.
- 8. Nanavati, J.M., M.P. Vora and M.A. Dhaky, The Embroidery and Beadwork of Kutch and Saurashtra, Baroda, 1966.
- 9. Stronge, S. (ed.), A Golden Treasury, Jewellery from the Indian Sub-continent, London, 1989.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (SEC V) SEC-3: HIST (A) 317 Indian History and Culture

1. Environment; Culture, Tradition & Practices:

Historical overview

Oral & codified information on medicinal Plants

Water & Water Bodies

11. Urbanization and Urbanism:

Issues of settlements & Landscapes

Social differentiations

Communication networks

Social inequality and Gender: III.

Status within Households: An overview

Present context

Issues of Violence

Employment, distribution of resources

IV. Cultural Heritage:

Main components

Built Heritage

Fairs & Festivals

A visit/field work/survey of/to an exhibition /water bodies/ local fairs & festivals/ is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- Banga, Indu (ed.), The City in Indian History: Urban Demography, Society & Polity, 1. 2.
- Bhattacharya, Bimalendu, Urban Development in India: Since Pre-Historic Time, Darjeeling, 2006. 3.
- Chaudhary, R. R., Traditional Medicine in Asia, New Delhi, 2002. 4.
- Koch, E. Mughal, Art & Imperial Ideology, New Delhi, 2001. 5.
- Kumar, Radha, History of Doing: An Illustrated Account of Movements for Women's Rights & Feminism in India, 1880-1990, Delhi, 2007.
- 6, Mairy S. K., Cultural Heritage of Analysis I. I.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (SEC VII) SEC-3: HIST (A) 318 Museums and Archives

- I. Defining museology and archives, types of archives and museums, understanding the traditions of preservation in India, collection policies, ethics and procedures
 - Collection: field exploration, excavation, purchase, gift and bequests, loans and deposits, exchanges, treasure trove confiscation and others.

Documentation: accessioning, indexing, cataloguing, digital documentation and deaccessioning

Preservation: curatorial care, preventive conservation, chemical preservation and restoration

- II. History and development (of the setting up) of museums (with special reference to India) and significant collections therein: A study of Indian Museum, Kolkata; National Museum, New Delhi; State Museum, Shimla and Bhuri Singh Museum, Chamba
- III. History and development (of the setting up) of archives and major records therein: A study of the National Archives of India, Delhi and Himachal Pradesh State Archives, Shimla.
- IV. Museums and archives in digital culture: virtual, digital, crafts, media, libraries.

A visit/field work/survey of/to a museum/archive/important site (the best nearby) for studying of structure & functions is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- 1. A Guide to the National Museum, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Agarwal, O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, Delhi, 2007.
- 3. Agarwal, O.P., Pustakalaya Samagri Aur Kala-Vastuon Ka Parirakshan, Delhi, 1999.
- 4. Agrawal. O.P., Essentials of Conservation and Museology, New Delhi, 2007.
- 5. Choudhary, R.D., Museums of India and their Maladies, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6. Dewdney, Andrew, David Dibosa, Victoria Walsh, Post Critical Museology: Theory and Practice in the Art Museum, London, 2013.
- 7. Edson, G. and Dean David, Handbook for Museum, London, 1986.
- 8. Edson, G. and D. David, Handbook for Museums, London, 1986.
- 9. Grau, Oliver, et al., Museum and Archive on the Move: Changing Cultural Institutions in the Digital Era, Berlin, 2017...
- 10. Grewcock, Duncan, Doing Museology Differently, New York, 2014.
- 11. Guha, Thakurta, Monuments, Objects, Histories: Institutions of Art in Colonial India, Delhi, 2004.
- 12. Kathpalia, Y.P., Conservation and Restoration of Archive Materials, UNESCO, 1973.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (SEC VI) SEC-4: HIST (A) 319

Introduction to Indian Art

- Understanding key terms in art appreciation: art, craft, sculpture, relief, painting, I. miniature, mural, fresco, rangoli, folk art
- Indian Sculpture II.

Iconography: Hindu, Buddhist and Jaina

III. Architecture

Temple architecture: Nagara, Dravida and Vesara

Mosques and Mausoleums: Qutb Complex; Humayun's tomb; Jama Masjid; Taj

Mahal

Rock-Cut Temple of Masrur and Colonial architecture in Shimla

IV. Indian Painting: understanding it historically

Mural painting: Ajanta

Mughal: miniature styles

Pahari School of Painting: Guler-Kangra Paintings

A visit/field work/survey of/to a temple/ mosque & mausoleum /museum/ art gallery/ important architectural site (the best nearby) is part of this course. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments.

- Agarwal, V.S., Indian Art, Varanasi, 1972. (Also available in Hindi) 1.
- Anand, Mulk Raj, Splendows of Himachal Heritage, New Delhi, 1997. 2.
- 3. Asher, Catherine, Architecture of Mughal India, Cambridge, 1992. 4.
- Beach, M.C., The New Cambridge History of India: Mughal and Rajput Painting, Delhi, 1992.
- Bleach, M. C., Early Mughal Painting, Boston, 1987. 5.
- Brown, Percy, Indian Architecture (Islamic Period), Bombay, 1981. 6. 7.
- Dehejia, V., Looking Again At Indian Art, New Delhi, 2012. 8.
- Dhar, P.P. (ed.), Indian Art History Changing Perspectives, New Delhi, 2011. 9.
- Fergusson, James, A History of Indian and Eastern Architecture, New Delhi, 1972. 10.
- Goswamy, B.N., Essence of Indian Art, San Francisco, 1986. 11.
- Goswamy, B.N., Pahari Master: Court Painter of Northern India, Delhi, 2000. 12.
- Goswamy, B.N., Nainsukh of Guler: A Great Indian Painter from a Small Hill-state,
- Goswamy, B. N., Nala and Damayanti: A Great Series of Paintings of an Old Indian 13.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (SEC VIII) SEC-4: HIST (A) 320 Understanding Popular Culture

- I. Introduction: Defining popular culture and understanding it historically
- II. Visual expressions: Folk art, calendar art, photography
- III. Performance: Theatre; music; folk tales/songs/swang and Nautanki: Identifying themes, functionality, anxieties
- IV. The audio-visual: cinema and television: Indian cinema: Mapping the influence of the national struggle for independence (1930s and 40s); Idealized nationalism (1950s), disillusionment and the anti-establishment mood (1970s and 80s); documentary films Expressions of popular culture in television

Important fairs, festivals and rituals of Himachal Pradesh

A visit/field work/survey of/to a cultural event/ exhibition/performance (the best nearby) is part of this course. Students may use electronic devices to view, record, and document the subject matter. Total weightage & distribution of marks for evaluation of the field report/survey would be at par with tutorial/home assignments

- 1. Acharya, K.T., Indian Food: A Historical Campanion, New Delhi, 1994.
- 2. Bhardwaj, R.M., Vratas and Utsavas in North and Central India (Literary and Epigraphic Sources, c. 400-1200), New Delhi, 2015.
- 3. Buck, C.H., Faiths, Fairs and Festivals of India, New Delhi, 1977.
- 4. Dissanayake, W. & K. M. Gokul Singh, Indian Popular Cinema, London, 2004.
- 5. Jha, M. (ed.). Social Anthropology of Pilgrimage, New Delhi, 1991.
- 6. Justa, Hariram, Himachal Ki Lok-Sanskriti, Delhi, 1986.
- 7. Mian, Goverdhan Singh, Festivals, Fairs, and Customs of Himachal Pradesh, Delhi, 1992.
- 8. Oberoi. Patricia, Freedom and Destiny: Gender, Family and Popular Culture in India, Delhi, 2009.
- 9. Princy, Christopher, Camera Indica: The Social Life of Indian Photographs, Chicago, 1998.
- 10. Ramanujan. A.K., Folktales from India: A Selection of Oral Tales from Twenty-two Languages, New York, 1991.
- 11. Ramaswamy, V., 'Women and the 'Domestic' in Tamil Folk Songs', in Kumkum Sangari and Uma Chakravarti (eds.), From Myths to Markets: Essays on Gender, Shimla, 1999.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (GE I) GE-1: HIST (A) 309 Women in Indian History

- I. Theory and concepts
 - Understanding gender and patriarchy a.
 - Historiography: women's history in India b.
- II. Women in ancient India
 - Brahmanical and non- Brahmanical patriarchy in India a.
 - Women and property b.
- Women in medieval India III.
 - Political processes, the harem and household a.
 - Women and literary activities; Imperial women: Razia Sultan, Nur Jahan, b. Jahanara

Women in Modern India IV.

- Social reforms and women in the 19th century: social base, issues, achievements a.
- Women and Indian Nationalism: Gandhi and women's participation; programmes; b. limitations and constraints

- Bhasin, Kamla, Understanding Gender, New Delhi, 2000. 1.
- Bock, Gisela, 'Women's History and Gender History: Aspects of an International Debate', 2. Gender and History, 1 (1), Spring 1989, pp. 7-30 3.
- Bokhari, Afshan, Between Patron and Piety: Jahān Ārā Begam's Sufi Affiliations and Articulations in Seventeenth-century Mughal India', In Sufism and Society: Arrangements of the Mystical in the Muslim World, 1200-1800, New Delhi, 2011. 4.
- Chakravarti, Uma, 'Conceptualising Brahmanical Patriarchy in Early India: Gender, Class, Caste and State', Economic and Political Weekly, 28(14), 3 April 1993, pp.579-85. 5.
- Forbes, Geraldine, Women in Modern India, Cambridge, 1996. 6.
- Gupta, Charu, (ed.), Gendering Colonial India: Reform, Print, Caste and Communalism, Delhi, 2012.
- Kumar, Radha. The History of Doing: An Illustrated Account of Movements for Women's 7. Rights and Feminism in India, 1800-1990, Delhi, 1997. 8.
- कुमार, राधा. स्त्री संघर्ष का इतिहास, 1800-1990. वाणी प्रकाशन, दिल्ली, 2016. 9.
- Lal. Ruby, Domesticity and Power in the Early Mughal World, Cambridge 2005

B. A. THIRD YEAR (GE II) GE-1: HIST (A) 310

Social-Religious Reform Movements in India (19th and 20th Centuries)

- 1. Background and Causes of the Reform Movement
 - Hindu reform movements—nature and significance: Brahmo Samaj, Prathana Samaj, Arya Samaj, Ramakrishna movement & Theosophical movement
- II. Muslim reform movements—nature and significance: Wahabi/ Walliullah, Faraizi, Ahamadiya, Aligarh & Deoband School
- III. Women and social reforms: prohibition of sati, infanticide, child marriage, widow remarriage, woman education and legislative measures for women
- IV. Caste system: movements against caste system & ideas of social reforms and reconstruction with reference to Jyotiba Phule, Narayan Guru, Gandhi and Ambedkar

- 1. Ambedkar, B. R., Who were the Shudras? Bombay, 1946.
- 2. Channa, Subhadra Mitra, Joan P. Mencher, Life as a Dalit: Views from the Bottom on Caste in India. New Delhi, 2013.
- 3. Charles, Heimsath, Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reforms, Princeton, 1964.
- 4. Desai, A. R., Social Background of Indian Nationalism, Bombay, 1959.
- 5. Dube, Ishita-Banerjee (ed.), Caste in History, New Delhi, 2008.
- 6. Grover. B. L. and Alka Mehta, A New Look at Modern Indian History, New Delhi, 2014.
- 7. Grover, B.L., Alaka Mehta and Yashpal, Adhunik Bharat ka Itihas, New Delhi, 2018.
- 8. Gupta, Dipankar, Interrogating Caste Understanding Hierarchy and Difference in Indian Society, New Delhi, 2000.
- 9. Jones, Kenneth, Socio-Religious Reform Movement in Modern India, Cambridge, 1995.
- 10. Kolge, Nishikant, Gandhi Against Caste, Oxford, 2017.
- 11. Limaye. Champa, Women, Power and Progress, New Delhi, 1998
- 12. Reddy, P.R. and P. Sumangala, Women in Development, Delhi, 1998.
- 13. Sarkar. Sumit and Tanika Sarkar, Women and Social Reform in India, Vol. II, Indiana, 2008.
- 14. Suguna, B., Women's Movement, New Delhi, 2009.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (GE IV) GE-2: HIST (A) 312

History of Himachal Pradesh, 1815-1972

Unit I

Political conditions of the region during Gorkh invasion

- a. Introduction: Himachal Hill States in the early Nineteenth Century
- b. The Gorkha invasion
- c. Process of repulsion: British and the Gorkhas
- d. Importance of the Treaty of Segauli
- e. Consequences of the Anglo-Gorkha War of 1814-15

Unit II

The establishment of the British Paramountey

- a. Himachal under the British: reorganization of the 'Hill States'
- b. Grant of sanads and territorial aggression
- British political and administrative policies
- d. The process of penetration and mechanisms of control;
- e. Resistance to British rule: struggle of Wazir Ram Singh Pathania and an analysis of

Unit III

The beginning of the uneasy calm

- a. 1857 and Himachal
- b. Popular protest and social reform movements in Himachal Pradesh from 1839-1948; agitations against the British and the hill rajas,
- c. The question of begar, beth, dhoom, jugga, reet and barada-faroshi
- d. Praja Mandal movements
- e. Dhami Goli Kand, Pajhota Andolan and Suket Satyagraha

Unit IV

The Idea of Himachal Pradesh

- a. The birth of modern Himachal, 1948-71: party politics
- b. Dawn of democratic institutions: chief commissioner's province, part 'C' state and union territory (legislative assembly-territorial council-legislative assembly)
- c. Contribution of Dr. Y.S. Parmar in the development of hill areas
- d. Socio-economic change in modern Himachal
- e. Land reforms in Himachal Pradesh: abolition of big landed estates and land reforms

- Ahluwalia, M. S., 'Ram Singh Pathania: An Unknown Hero of the Punjab's Freedom 1. Struggle', Proceeding of the Punjab History Conference, Patiala, 1975. Ahluwalia, M. S., History of Himachal Pradesh, New Delhi, 1988. 2.

B. A. THIRD YEAR (GE III) GE-2: HIST (A) 311

Environmental Issues in India

- Social perspectives on environment 1.
 - Studying human-nature interactions n.
 - Recent trends; debating anthropocene b.
- Geography, Ecology and Cultures in Pre-Colonial India 11.
 - Land, Forests, Pastures, a.
 - b. Monsoon, river systems and oceans
- III. Colonialism and Environment
 - New Regimes of Land, Forests, Water and Irrigation; 11.
 - Resistance to New Regimes: Peasants, Tribal and Pastoralists b.
- Independent India and environment: IV.
 - Forests, Human-wildlife conflict, threat to Bio-diversity a.
 - Water, Dams, Displacement, Pollution, Degradation, Green Revolution and b. Mitigating hunger

- Agarwal, Anil and S. Narain (eds.), The Second Citizen's Report on the Environment in 1. India, 1984-85, Delhi, 1985.
- Agarwal, Anil and S. Narain (eds.), The Fifth Citizen's Report on the Environment in India, 2. Delhi, 1999.
- Agarwal, Anil et al. (eds.), The First Citizens' Report on the Environment in India, Delhi, 3. 1982.
- Divyabhanusinh, The End of a Trail: History of Cheetah in India, New Delhi, 1990. 4.
- फतेहअली, लाईक, *हमारा पर्यावरण*, नेशनल बुक ट्रस्ट, नई दिल्ली, 2011 5.
- Gadgil, Madhav and Ramachandra Guha, Ecology and Equity, New Delhi, 1995. 6.
- Gadgil, Madhav & Ramachandra Guha, This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India, 7. New Delhi, 2001.
- Grove, Richard, Vinita Damodaran and Satpal Sangwan (eds.), Nature and the Orient: The 8. Environmental History of South and Southeast Asia, New Delh, 2000.
- Guha, R., Environmentalism: A Global History, New Delhi, 2001. 9.
- Habib, Irfan, Man and Environment. The Ecological History of India (A People's History of 10. India Series, Vol. 36), Aligarh Historian Society, New Delhi, 2010.